FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



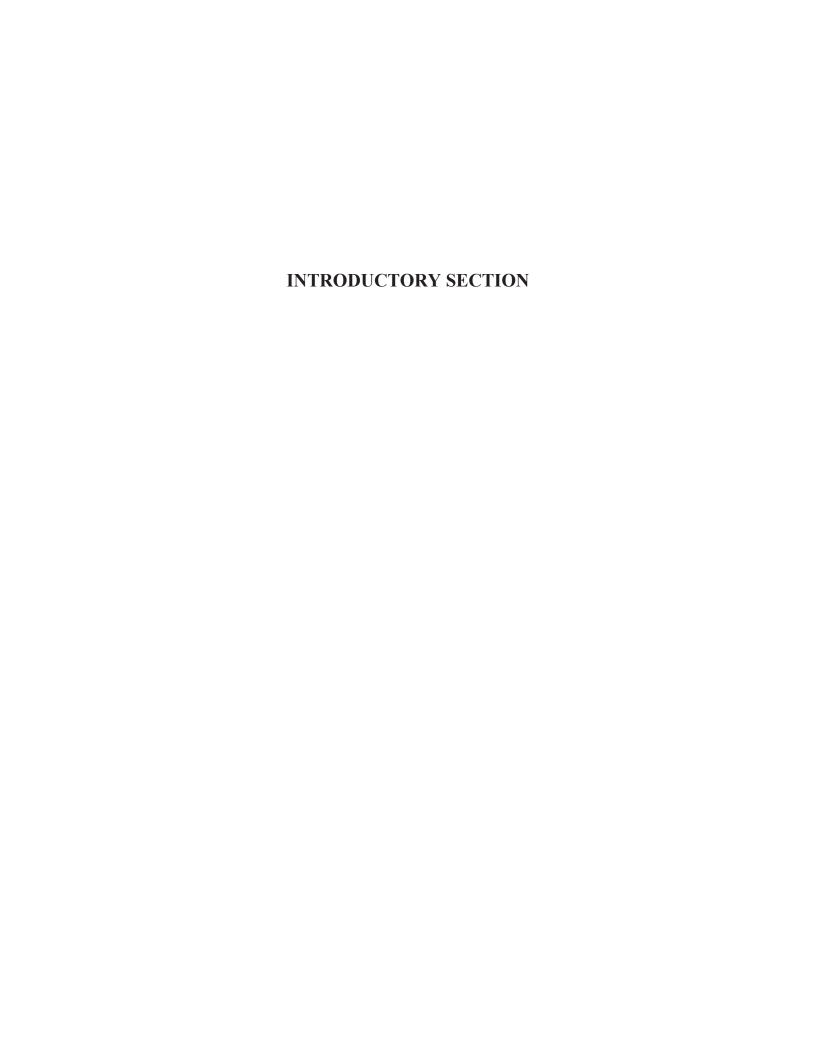


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CITY OFFICIALS

JUNE 30, 2017

Mayor

Philip Cagle

Alderman

Senia Anderson

Alderman

Reed Sells

Alderman

Jane Humble

Alderman

Dale Wheeler

City Recorder

Debra Barnett

City Attorney

Edward Boring





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor and Alderman City of Pikeville, Tennessee Pikeville, Tennessee

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pikeville, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pikeville, Tennessee as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required pension schedules on pages 4-10 and 41-43, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Pikeville's basic financial statements. The introductory section, budgetary comparison schedules, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal and state financial assistance are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedules, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, financial schedules (all included as other supplementary information) and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state financial assistance is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal and state financial assistance is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 10, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Pikeville's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Pikeville's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Henderson Hutcherson & McCullongh, PLLC

Chattanooga, Tennessee October 10, 2017

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2017

As management of the City of Pikeville, Tennessee, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Pikeville, Tennessee for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Pikeville, Tennessee exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2017 by \$17,148,446 (net position). The City's governmental funds reported an increase in combined fund balance of \$19,775. Total government activities under GASB 34 operated at an increase of \$116,414. The difference is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period, unavailable property taxes, and the current period's repayment of long-term debt. See page 17 for the reconciliation.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction of the City of Pikeville's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the three reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement of some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Pikeville, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City are either governmental funds or proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for government activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact on the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains one major governmental fund and two nonmajor governmental funds, reported as one combined opinion unit. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for each opinion unit, which consists of the General Fund and combined nonmajor funds.

The City of Pikeville adopts an annual budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for all governmental funds to demonstrate compliance.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 18 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Pikeville maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Pikeville uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer and gas operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Fund and Natural Gas Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Pikeville, Tennessee.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 22 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 40 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the City of Pikeville. This supplementary information can be found on pages 44 through 63 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$17,148,446 at the close of this fiscal year.

City of Pikeville, Tennessee's Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	tals
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 583,657 3,561,411 4,145,068	\$ 555,487 2,164,610 2,720,097	\$ 1,547,480 17,613,028 19,160,508	\$ 2,169,767 17,914,122 20,083,889	\$ 2,131,137 21,174,439 23,305,576	\$ 2,725,254 20,078,732 22,803,986
Deferred outflows	51,068	53,769	96,915	103,837	147,983	157,606
Non-current liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities	2,279,597 83,896 2,363,493	950,947 93,495 1,044,442	3,299,467 229,504 3,528,971	3,436,021 517,469 3,953,490	5,579,064 313,400 5,892,464	4,386,968 610,964 4,997,932
Deferred inflows	321,932	335,127	90,717	121,428	412,649	456,555
Net position Net investment in						
capital assets	1,242,587	1,155,426	14,177,003	14,308,286	15,419,590	15,463,712
Restricted	96,800	73,506	176,867	122,384	273,667	195,890
Unrestricted	171,324	165,365	1,283,865	1,682,138	1,455,189	1,847,503
Total net position	<u>\$ 1,510,711</u>	<u>\$ 1,394,297</u>	<u>\$ 15,637,735</u>	<u>\$ 16,112,808</u>	<u>\$ 17,148,446</u>	<u>\$ 17,507,105</u>

Ninety percent (90%) of the City's net position represents net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and parks, machinery and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, landfill, utility system and infrastructure, and gas lines and meters). This amount of total net position is not available for future spending. Restricted net position of \$273,667 primarily related to net position restricted for the City's future pension needs. The remaining \$1,455,189 in unrestricted net position is available to the City to meet ongoing obligations.

Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$116,414, while business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$475,073. The City can only use the net position obtained through business-type activities to finance the continuing operations of the water and sewer and natural gas systems.

Changes in Net Position (Continued)

The table below provides a summary of the changes in the City's change in net position:

City of Pikeville, Tennessee's Changes in Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Tot	tals
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 156,520	\$ 159,297	\$ 2,241,845	\$ 2,325,580	\$ 2,398,365	\$ 2,484,877
Operating grants and						
contributions	244,452	112,190	-	-	244,452	112,190
Capital grants and						
contributions	-	-	195,245	1,105,611	195,245	1,105,611
General revenues:						
Property taxes	243,185	263,878	-	-	243,185	263,878
Other taxes	621,556	615,587	-	-	621,556	615,587
Pension income	10,005	12,980	25,618	26,452	35,623	39,432
Other income	67,208	108,961	12,369	44,689	79,577	153,650
Total revenues	1,342,926	1,272,893	2,475,077	3,502,332	3,818,003	4,775,225
Expenses:						
General government	430,974	729,902	_	_	430,974	729,902
Public safety	337,287	319,491	_	_	337,287	319,491
Public works	203,969	202,307	-	_	203,969	202,307
Public welfare	56,988	101,622	-	-	56,988	101,622
State street aid	152,800	135,234	-	-	152,800	135,234
Interest	44,494	28,921	-	-	44,494	28,921
Water and sewer	_		2,298,093	1,950,423	2,298,093	1,950,423
Natural gas			652,057	665,302	652,057	665,302
Total expenses	1,226,512	1,517,477	2,950,150	2,615,725	4,176,662	4,133,202
Transfers		-		-		
Change in net position	116,414	(244,584)	(475,073)	886,607	(358,659)	642,023
Net position – beginning,						
as previously stated	1,394,297	1,638,881	16,112,808	14,895,945	17,507,105	16,534,826
Prior period adjustment			<u>-</u>	330,256	_	330,256
Net position – beginning,						
as restated	1,394,297	1,638,881	16,112,808	15,226,201	17,507,105	16,865,082
Net position – ending	\$ 1,510,711	<u>\$ 1,394,297</u>	<u>\$ 15,637,735</u>	<u>\$ 16,112,808</u>	<u>\$ 17,148,446</u>	<u>\$ 17,507,105</u>

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Pikeville uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. The unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available at the end of the fiscal year for future unforeseen emergencies.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$181,112 an increase of \$19,775 in comparison with the prior year. Ninety-seven percent (97%) of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Pikeville. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$175,584. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance is 6% of total general fund expenditures without transfers.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$17,759 during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Pikeville Tennessee's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position at the end of the year amounted to \$351,011 for the Water and Sewer Fund and \$932,854 for the Natural Gas Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City of Pikeville adopts an annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council.

The overall original budget and final amended budget changed slightly throughout the fiscal year. Expenditure amendments were made to account for variances in operations that were not originally planned. General Fund budgeted expenditures increased \$17,391.

Departmental budget officers closely monitored expenditures during the fiscal year in order to minimize budget amendments.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City of Pikeville's capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2017, amounted to \$3,561,411 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets for its business-type activities as of June 30, 2017, amounted to \$17,613,028 (net of accumulated depreciation). The City's investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and parks, machinery and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, landfill, utility system and infrastructure, and gas lines and meters.

Major capital asset additions consist of the following:

Land for \$25,000
Machinery and equipment for \$26,527
Water and sewer treatment and distribution system for \$203,382
Water and sewer equipment for \$7,180
Water and sewer vehicles for \$16,833
Natural gas operating equipment for \$42,212

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

City of Pikeville, Tennessee's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

		2017	2016
Governmental Activities:			
Land	\$	220,761	\$ 195,761
Construction in progress		1,651,745	156,482
Buildings and parks		644,293	678,417
Machinery and equipment		43,561	42,532
Vehicles		19,397	35,729
Infrastructure		892,808	964,409
Landfill		88,846	 91,280
Total	\$	3,561,411	\$ 2,164,610
		2017	2016
Business-type Activities:		2017	2016
Business-type Activities: Land	\$	2017 169,847	\$ 2016 169,847
	\$		\$
Land	*	169,847	\$ 169,847
Land North Bledsoe system	*	169,847 2,027,847	\$ 169,847 2,103,019
Land North Bledsoe system Water treatment and distribution	*	169,847 2,027,847 12,390,234	\$ 169,847 2,103,019 12,518,330
Land North Bledsoe system Water treatment and distribution Sewer collection and treatment	*	169,847 2,027,847 12,390,234 1,927,729	\$ 169,847 2,103,019 12,518,330 1,996,689
Land North Bledsoe system Water treatment and distribution Sewer collection and treatment Buildings	*	169,847 2,027,847 12,390,234 1,927,729 85,789	\$ 169,847 2,103,019 12,518,330 1,996,689 90,831
Land North Bledsoe system Water treatment and distribution Sewer collection and treatment Buildings Machinery and equipment	*	169,847 2,027,847 12,390,234 1,927,729 85,789 123,403	\$ 169,847 2,103,019 12,518,330 1,996,689 90,831 114,139

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found on pages 31-32, Note 7.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the City of Pikeville had long-term debt outstanding of \$5,783,762. Of that amount \$1,755,199 is due in the next fiscal year.

	2017	2016
Governmental Activities:		
Notes payable	\$ 2,300,419	\$ 969,542
Capital lease obligations	-	20,010
Landfill post-closure	18,405	19,632
Compensated absences	14,369	10,712
	\$ 2,333,193	\$ 1,019,896
Business-type Activities:		
Water and Sewer Fund –		
Notes payable	\$ 2,961,025	\$ 3,065,836
Compensated absences	11,400	5,640
	2,972,425	3,071,476
Natural Gas Fund –		
Bonds payable	475,000	540,000
Compensated absences	3,144	2,651
	478,144	542,651
Total	<u>\$ 3,450,569</u>	\$ 3,614,127

Additional information on outstanding debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 32-35.

Currently Known Conditions Affecting Future Years

The City of Pikeville, Tennessee is actively engaged in several projects that effect future years. The City also plans to upgrade the Water Treatment Plant and well number 5. The City would also add two new wells to the water system.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Pikeville's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information may be addressed to the City of Pikeville, Tennessee, P.O. Box 225, Pikeville, Tennessee 37367.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2017

	Govern			iness-type		Total Primary
ASSETS	Activ	ities	A	ctivities	<u> </u>	overnment
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1	46,651	\$	1,121,559	\$	1,268,210
Property taxes receivable, net		76,911	Ψ	1,121,337	Ψ	276,911
Accounts receivable, net		63,834		178,920		242,754
Internal balances		(13,685)		13,685		242,734
Inventories	'	(13,063)		62,637		62,637
Other assets		10		10		20
	1					
Net pension asset	1	09,936		170,669		280,605
Capital assets -	1.0	72 506		160.047		2.042.252
Land and other nondepreciable assets	1,8	72,506		169,847		2,042,353
Capital assets, net of accumulated				15 442 101		10 100 006
depreciation	1,6	88,905		17,443,181		19,132,086
Total assets	4,1	45,068		19,160,508	-	23,305,576
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred pension outflows		51,068		96,915		147,983
Total deferred outflows of resources		51,068		96,915		147,983
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		26,064		36,070		62,134
Accrued liabilities		4,236		13,360		17,596
Customer deposits		-		28,972		28,972
Compensated absences		14,369		14,544		28,913
Long-term liabilities, due within one year	1.5	89,227		137,059		1,726,286
Long-term liabilities, due in more than one year		29,597		3,298,966		4,028,563
Total liabilities	2,3	63,493		3,528,971		5,892,464
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred pension inflows		69,732		90,717		160,449
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	2	52,200		<u> </u>		252,200
Total deferred inflows of resources	3	21,932		90,717		412,649
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	1,2	42,587		14,177,003		15,419,590
Restricted		96,800		176,867		273,667
Unrestricted		71,324		1,283,865		1,455,189
Total net position	\$ 1,5	10,711	\$	15,637,735	\$	17,148,446

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	 Expenses	_	Charges for Services	G	Operating rants and ntributions	G	Capital rants and atributions
Governmental activities -							
General government	\$ 430,974	\$	1,150	\$	244,452	\$	-
Public safety	337,287		24,676		-		-
Public works	203,969		130,694		-		-
Public welfare	56,988		-		-		-
State street aid	152,800		-		-		-
Interest	 44,494						_
Total governmental activities	1,226,512		156,520		244,452		
Business-type activities -							
Water and sewer	2,298,093		1,652,935		-		195,245
Natural gas	 652,057		588,910				_
Total business-type activities	 2,950,150	_	2,241,845				195,245
Total primary government	\$ 4,176,662	\$	2,398,365	\$	244,452	\$	195,245

GENERAL REVENUES

Property taxes

Local sales taxes

Alcoholic beverage taxes

Franchise and excise taxes

Business taxes

In lieu of taxes

Other taxes

Interest revenue

Pension income

Other revenue

Total general revenues

Change in net position

NET POSITION

Beginning

Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Pr	imary Governme	nt	
Go	vernmental	Business-type		
	Activities	Activities		Total
\$	(185,372)	\$ -	\$	(185,372)
	(312,611)	-		(312,611)
	(73,275)	-		(73,275)
	(56,988)	-		(56,988)
	(152,800)	-		(152,800)
	(44,494)	<u>-</u> _		(44,494)
	(825,540)			(825,540)
		(440.012)		(440.010)
	-	(449,913)		(449,913)
		(63,147)		(63,147)
	-	(513,060)	-	(513,060)
	(825,540)	(513,060)		(1,338,600)
	243,185			243,185
	333,584	_		333,584
	92,014	_		92,014
	14,522	_		14,522
	27,384	_		27,384
	57,895	-		57,895
	96,157	-		96,157
	191	1,345		1,536
	10,005	25,618		35,623
	67,017	11,024		78,041
	941,954	37,987		979,941
	116,414	(475,073)		(358,659)
	1,394,297	16,112,808		17,507,105
\$	1,510,711	\$ 15,637,735	\$	17,148,446

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2017

		General		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS	·						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	141,329	\$	5,322	\$	146,651	
Property taxes receivable, net		276,911		-		276,911	
Accounts receivable, net		63,628		206		63,834	
Other assets		10				10	
Total assets	\$	481,878	\$	5,528	\$	487,406	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	26,064	\$	-	\$	26,064	
Accrued payroll liabilities		4,236		-		4,236	
Due to other fund		13,685		<u> </u>		13,685	
Total liabilities		43,985				43,985	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		262,309		-		262,309	
Total deferred inflows of resources		262,309				262,309	
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		-		5,528		5,528	
Unassigned		175,584		-		175,584	
Total fund balances		175,584		5,528		181,112	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$	481,878	\$	5,528	\$	487,406	

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2017

Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position on page 11:	
Fund balances – total governmental funds	\$ 181,112
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	3,561,411
The net pension asset is considered a long-term asset and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	109,936
Deferred results and contributions to pension plans made after the measurement date are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds but must be deferred in the statement of net position	(18,664)
Certain revenues will be collected after year end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred or not reported in the funds.	10,109
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. All liabilities, both due in one year and due in more than one year, are reported in the statement of net position.	
These items consist of:	(2.200.410)
Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences	(2,300,419) (14,369)
Landfill post-closure costs	(14,309)
Editerin post closure costs	 (10,100)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,510,711

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 655,120	\$ -	\$ 655,120
Licenses and permits	1,150	-	1,150
Intergovernmental	462,216	-	462,216
Charges for services	158,388	-	158,388
Fines and forfeitures	19,487	2,016	21,503
Other revenue	42,687		42,687
Total revenues	1,339,048	2,016	1,341,064
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	1,910,966	-	1,910,966
Public safety	302,271	-	302,271
Public works	177,207	-	177,207
Public welfare	56,988	-	56,988
State street aid	139,003	-	139,003
Debt service -			
Principal	57,010	-	57,010
Interest and other charges	45,721		45,721
Total expenditures	2,689,166		2,689,166
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,350,118)	2,016	(1,348,102)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Notes payable issued	1,367,877		1,367,877
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	17,759	2,016	19,775
FUND BALANCES: Beginning	157,825	3,512	161,337
Ending	\$ 175,584	\$ 5,528	\$ 181,112

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities on page 12-13:		
Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds		\$ 19,775
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlay reported as expenditures in the governmental funds that meet the capitalization threshold are shown as capital assets in the statement of net position.		1,546,790
Depreciation expense on governmental capital assets are included in the statement of activities.		(149,989)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Notes issued Principal repayments Amortization	(1,367,877) 57,010 1,227	(1,309,640)
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. This item consists of:		
Change in compensated absences Change in net pension asset and related deferrals Deferred pension contributions		(3,657) 10,005 11,273
Certain governmental revenues will not be collected for several months after the fiscal year and are deferred in the governmental funds.		(8,143)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 116,414

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GAAP BASIS - GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	R,	ıdget		Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
REVENUES	Original	Tinai	Actual	Duuget
Taxes	\$ 633,400	\$ 647,763	\$ 655,120	\$ 7,357
Licenses and permits	1,350	1,350	1,150	(200)
Intergovernmental	498,100	498,100	462,216	(35,884)
Charges for services	163,200	163,200	158,388	(4,812)
Fines and forfeitures	15,000	16,337	19,487	3,150
Miscellaneous	22,595	24,286	42,687	18,401
Total revenue	1,333,645	1,351,036	1,339,048	(11,988)
EXPENDITURES				
Current -				
General government	2,153,410	2,093,445	1,910,966	182,479
Public safety	302,405	333,096	302,271	30,825
Public works	216,195	197,104	177,207	19,897
Public welfare	32,625	57,022	56,988	34
State street aid	117,010	139,003	139,003	-
Debt service -				
Principal	46,000	48,185	57,010	(8,825)
Interest	16,000	33,181	45,721	(12,540)
Total expenditures	2,883,645	2,901,036	2,689,166	211,870
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	S (1,550,000)	(1,550,000)	(1,350,118)	199,882
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Notes issued	1,550,000	1,550,000	1,367,877	(182,123)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	17,759	\$ 17,759
FUND BALANCES: Beginning			157,825	
Ending			\$ 175,584	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2017

	Water and Sewer	Natural Gas	
ASSETS	Fund	Fund	Total
Current assets -			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 208,538	\$ 913,021	\$ 1,121,559
Accounts receivable, net	164,878	14,042	178,920
Due from other funds	8,174	5,511	13,685
Inventories	14,182	48,455	62,637
Net pension asset	121,002	49,667	170,669
Other assets		10	10
Total current assets	516,774	1,030,706	1,547,480
Noncurrent assets -			
Capital assets -			
Land and other nondepreciable assets	158,709	11,138	169,847
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	16,491,392	951,789	17,443,181
Total noncurrent assets	16,650,101	962,927	17,613,028
TOTAL ASSETS	17,166,875	1,993,633	19,160,508
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pension outflows	67,881	29,034	96,915
Total deferred outflows of resources	67,881	29,034	96,915
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities -			
Accounts payable	13,903	22,167	36,070
Accrued liabilities	8,571	4,789	13,360
Customer deposits	10,887	18,085	28,972
Compensated absences	11,400	3,144	14,544
Long-term liabilities, due within one year	67,059	70,000	137,059
Total current liabilities	111,820	118,185	230,005
Noncurrent liabilities Long-term liabilities, due in more than one year	2,893,966	405,000	3,298,966
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,893,966	405,000	3,298,966
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,005,786	523,185	3,528,971
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred pension inflows	62,134	28,583	90,717
Total deferred inflows of resources	62,134	28,583	90,717
NET POSITION	_	_	_
Net investment in capital assets	13,689,076	487,927	14,177,003
Restricted	126,749	50,118	176,867
Unrestricted	351,011	932,854	1,283,865
Total net position	\$ 14,166,836	\$ 1,470,899	\$ 15,637,735

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Water and Sewer Fund	Natural Gas Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 1,608,232	\$ 578,010	\$ 2,186,242
Customer penalties	15,528	-	15,528
Connection fees	29,175	10,900	40,075
Interest revenue	368	977	1,345
Total revenues	1,653,303	589,887	2,243,190
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Purchased gas	-	263,227	263,227
Transmission and distribution	1,224,267	101,030	1,325,297
Sewer collection, treatment and disposal	276,215	-	276,215
Administration	180,665	204,923	385,588
Depreciation	511,260	59,441	570,701
Total operating expenses	2,192,407	628,621	2,821,028
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(539,104)	(38,734)	(577,838)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Capital contributions	195,245	-	195,245
Net pension income	19,163	6,455	25,618
Miscellaneous revenue	11,004	20	11,024
Interest expense	(105,686)	(23,436)	(129,122)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	119,726	(16,961)	102,765
Changes in net position	(419,378)	(55,695)	(475,073)
Net position, beginning	14,586,214	1,526,594	16,112,808
Net position, ending	\$ 14,166,836	\$ 1,470,899	\$ 15,637,735

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Water and Sewer Fund	Natural Gas Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM	runu	runu	Total
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 1,888,436	\$ 589,570	\$ 2,478,006
Receipts (payments) from other funds	(4,623)	12,765	8,142
Payments to suppliers	(1,356,382)	(455,622)	(1,812,004)
Payments to employees	(616,288)	(140,573)	(756,861)
Interest	368	977	1,345
Net cash from operating activities	(88,489)	7,117	(81,372)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Miscellaneous revenue	11,004	20	11,024
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	11,004	20	11,024
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND			
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds of capital grants	195,245	-	195,245
Principal paid on long-term debt	(104,811)	(65,000)	(169,811)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(105,686)	(23,436)	(129,122)
Net pension income	19,163	6,455	25,618
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(227,396)	(42,211)	(269,607)
Net cash from capital and related			
financing activities	(223,485)	(124,192)	(347,677)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(300,970)	(117,055)	(418,025)
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2016	509,508	1,030,076	1,539,584
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2017	\$ 208,538	\$ 913,021	\$ 1,121,559

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Water and Sewer Fund	Natural Gas Fund	Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (539,104)	\$ (38,734)	\$ (577,838)
ADJUSTMENTS NOT AFFECTING CASH			
Depreciation	511,260	59,441	570,701
(Increase) decrease in -			
Accounts receivable	235,501	660	236,161
Due from other funds	(4,623)	12,765	8,142
Inventories	-	(9,347)	(9,347)
Net pension asset	(22,960)	(7,734)	(30,694)
Deferred pension outlfows	5,178	1,744	6,922
Increase (decrease) in -			
Accounts payable	(235,974)	1,298	(234,676)
Accrued payables	(20,554)	(5,731)	(26,285)
Deferred pension inflows	(22,973)	(7,738)	(30,711)
Compensated absences	5,760	493	6,253
Total adjustments	450,615	45,851	496,466
Net cash from operating activities	\$ (88,489)	\$ 7,117	\$ (81,372)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Reporting Entity

The City of Pikeville, Tennessee (the "City") was incorporated in 1939 under Tennessee law. The City is governed by the elected Mayor and four elected Aldermen and provides services to the citizens of the City including police and fire protection, public works, sanitation, solid waste and garbage services, parks and recreation facilities, maintenance of streets and highways, and general administrative services.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the accompanying basic financial statements includes all the funds and the account groups relevant to the operations of the City.

Blended Component Unit

The Industrial Development Board

The Industrial Development Board (Board) was formed on September 25, 1978 and serves all citizens of the government. The Board was formed to promote industrial development within the City. The organization is governed by a board as appointed by City Council. Debt issuance authorizations are approved by City Council, and the City is legally obligated in case there are deficiencies in debt service payments and resources are not available from any other remedies. The Board is reported as a nonmajor special revenue fund and does not issue separate financial statements.

Joint Venture

Sequatchie/Bledsoe County Landfill

The Sequatchie/Bledsoe County Landfill (SBCL) is a joint venture entered into by four governmental entities, Bledsoe and Sequatchie Counties and the cities of Dunlap and Pikeville. The landfill was formed by agreements entered into by these governments for the purpose of providing solid waste disposal for the citizens of Sequatchie and Bledsoe Counties. The landfill is administered under the oversight of a Board of Directors consisting of three people from each county and two from each city. The County Executive of each county and the Mayors of each city are members of the Board, and the remaining members are appointed by these officials subject to the approval of their respective governing body. Financial statements of the SBCL can be obtained by contacting the Bledsoe County Courthouse.

Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements consists of the following:

- 1) Government-wide financial statements;
- 2) Fund financial statements;
- 3) Notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities and report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Primary Government (governmental activities and business-type activities). The City reports capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position and reports depreciation expense – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the statement of activities.

Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety (police, fire, and animal control), public works, public welfare, culture and recreation and general administrative support services.

The statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the City's functions, e.g., public safety, public works, etc. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenue generated directly by the function. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the City are reported in three specific categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Charges for services include revenues from customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function. Grant and contributions include revenues restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its blended component unit. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund and is the only fund that qualifies as a major fund under GASB No. 34. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the government's water and sewer operations to the City's citizens.

The Natural Gas Fund accounts for the government's natural gas operations to the City's citizens.

Additionally, the City reports the following other fund types:

Special Revenue Funds. These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures and expenditures relating to claims and judgments are recognized only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state-shared revenue, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable within the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the City.

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurements focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Formal budgets are adopted by the Mayor and City Council as a management control device during the year for the governmental type funds including special revenue funds.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. Budgetary integration is employed as a management tool during the fiscal year, and the budget is amended, as necessary, to meet changing needs. Council approves departmental budgets. Transfers between departments and any revisions in the total appropriation must be approved by the Mayor and City Council Board of Alderman. Unused appropriations for any of the annually funds lapse at the end of the year.

At June 30, 2017, General Fund expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriations within the debt service function by \$21,365.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments

The City follows state investment policy guidelines for types of allowable investments.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories, which consist primarily of materials used in the Water and Sewer and Natural Gas Funds, are recorded at the lower of cost or market. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future reporting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Accounts Receivables

With respect to the accounts receivable for water and sewer fees and property taxes, the City uses the allowance method to estimate uncollectible accounts based on a projection of balances unlikely to be collected. Individual accounts are written off only when they are determined to be uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, including property, plant, equipment, landfill and infrastructure assets (e.g., primary and secondary roads, drainage) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life greater than two years. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives is not capitalized.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e. those reported by governmental activities), the government chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The government was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The City capitalizes net interest costs and interest earned as part of the cost of construction when material. No interest was capitalized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Governmental activities capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Capital Assets (Continued)

Buildings and improvements	15-40 years
Infrastructure	10-20 years
Vehicles	5-15 years
Machinery and equipment	3-7 years
Landfill	50 years

Useful Life

Useful Life

Capital assets of the proprietary funds are accounted for in the respective proprietary fund and are stated at cost or estimated fair market value when original cost is not available. Major additions are capitalized while maintenance and repairs, including the cost of minor items of property, are expensed as incurred. Upon disposal of such assets, the accounts are relieved of the related costs and accumulated depreciation, and resulting gains and losses are reflected in income. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

North Bledsoe system	10-40 years
Water treatment and distribution	5-50 years
Sewer collection and treatment	50 years
Building	30-40 years
Machinery and equipment	5-50 years
Vehicles	5 years
Gas lines and meters	30-40 years
Reservoirs and standpipes	10-50 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow or resources (as either an expense or expenditure) until that period. The City reports deferred contributions on pension plans and certain amounts related to pensions, as detailed as (2) below. Deferred contributions for the pension plan were made during the fiscal year but are after the measurement date of the actuarial report. These amounts will be recognized during the next measurement period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two types of items, which arise under a modified accrual basis of accounting and full accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet and government-wide statement of net position. (1) The governmental funds and governmental activities report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. (2) Certain amounts related to pensions must be deferred. Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are deferred and amortized over five years. Changes in pension plan assumptions are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining service lives of employees.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Compensated Absences

City employees are paid for vacation and absence due to sickness by prescribed formulas based on length of service. Vacation and sick leave for employees of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the period it is used and considered payable from current financial resources. Sick leave does not vest for City employees, so no liability exists at year end. Vacation leave is based on employment date, and unused vacation leave does not carry over beyond employment anniversary. Some employees have vacation leave remaining since their anniversary dates cross the fiscal year-end. Government-wide proprietary funds accrue vacation benefits in the period they are earned. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental and business-type activities statement of net position. Similarly, long-term debt and other obligations of the City are recorded as liabilities in the appropriate fund. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position

The government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets is intended to reflect the position of net assets which are associated with non-liquid capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

Restricted Net Position represents net position that has third party (statutory, bond covenant or granting agency) limitations on their use.

Unrestricted Net Position represents net position that is not restricted for any project or other purpose. While management may have categorized and segmented portions for various purposes, the City has the unrestricted authority to revisit or alter these managerial decisions.

Fund Balance

Governmental funds utilize a fund balance presentation for equity. Fund balance is categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Fund Balance (Continued)

Nonspendable Fund Balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as pursuant to official action by City Council prior to the end of the reporting period. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purposes unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by resolution.

Assigned Fund Balance – represents amounts the City intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the City Council or an official delegated the authority to assign amounts. This is the residual classification for all governmental funds other than the general fund. Assignment of amounts to a specific purpose as part of the annual budget ordinance may be made by resolution of motion of the City Council.

Unassigned Fund Balance – represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and as not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Property Tax Information

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the property as of January 1 and are levied for the calendar year in October. They are payable immediately and become past due March 1 of the succeeding year and are subject to assessment of penalties and interest. On February 1 of the following year, the delinquent property taxes are filed with the office of the Bledsoe County Clerk and Master by the Trustee's office.

Property taxes are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property taxes receivable, which are expected to be collected within 60 days after year-end.

Property taxes levied for 2017 are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources. The allowance recorded for uncollectible taxes totaled \$37,510 and was based on historical collection data.

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. Short-term interfund loans are classified as "due to/from other funds". Long-term loans between funds are classified as "loans to/from other funds". All short-term interfund receivables and payables at year end are planned to be eliminated in the subsequent year.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability or asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of City of Pikeville's participation in the Public Employee Retirement Plan of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS), and additions to/deductions from City of Pikeville's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS for the Public Employee Retirement Plan. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Public Employee Retirement Plan of TCRS. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Compliance with Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

The City incurred no material violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions.

NOTE 3 – CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash Deposits

The City reports its cash and other investments under GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures". This statement eliminated or modified portions of the disclosures previously required by GASB Statement No. 3. GASB Statement No. 40 is designed to improve financial reporting of deposit and investment risks.

The City's investments are carried at fair value which is based on quoted market prices and consist of certificates of deposits totaling \$509,023. The City's investments are listed as cash and cash equivalents within the Statement of Net Position.

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to losses resulting from rising interest rates, the City's usual policy is to invest in certificates of three years or less. The exposure to interest rate changes is presented using the weighted average maturity method. Its policy is to limit exposure to interest rate risk by requiring sufficient liquidity in the investment portfolio. The City's investments experienced no significant fluctuations in fair value during the year.

Custodial Credit Risk

The City's policies limit deposits and investments to those instruments allowed by applicable state laws. State statutes require that deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized by securities whose market value is equal to 105% of the value of the uninsured deposits. The deposits must be covered by the federal deposit insurance or the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool, by collateral held in the City's agent in the City's name, or by Federal Reserve Banks acting as third-party agents. State statutes also authorize the types of investments in which the City may participate. The City limits its investments to certificates of deposit and savings and money market accounts with local banks. The City could also invest with the State of Tennessee local government pooled investment fund, but has not chosen to do so.

Credit Risk

The City's policies are designed to maximize its earnings, while protecting the security and providing maximum liquidity, in accordance with all applicable state laws.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2017, consist of the following:

	General	 her ımental	Water and Sewer	Natural Gas		Total
Funds						
Property taxes	\$ 314,421	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	314,421
Accounts	64,288	206	173,556	 14,760	_	252,810
Gross receivables	378,709	206	173,556	14,760		567,231
Less: Allowance for uncollectible	(38,170)		(8,678)	 (718)	_	(47,566)
Net receivables	\$ 340,539	\$ 206	<u>\$ 164,878</u>	\$ 14,042	<u>\$</u>	519,665

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers within the City are substantially for the purpose of subsidizing operating functions and transferring cash receipt collection on utility accounts. Resources are accumulated in a fund or component unit to support and simplify the administration of various projects or programs. Interfund transfers are transactions between transferring funds out of one fund to support the operations of another fund.

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The composition of interfund balance as of June 30, 2017, is as follows:

		Payable Fund					
	General	Natural Gas	Water and Sewe				
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total			
Receivables Fund							
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,364	\$ 6,364			
Water and Sewer Fund	-	14,538	-	14,538			
Natural Gas Fund	20,049			20,049			
Total	<u>\$ 20,049</u>	<u>\$ 14,538</u>	\$ 6,364	\$ 40,951			

The Water and Sewer Fund Statement of Net Position reports a due from other funds balance of \$8,174. The amount is reflective of a receivable from the Natural Gas Fund of \$14,538 and a payable to the General Fund of \$6,364. The net balance is \$8,174.

The Natural Gas Fund Statement of Net Position reports a due from other funds balance of \$5,511. The amount is reflective of a receivable from the General Fund of \$20,049 and a payable to the Water and Sewer Fund of \$14,538. The net balance is \$5,511.

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from monthly utility collections. The Water and Sewer Fund collects sanitation, natural gas, and water and sewer charges, and remits collections to the respective funds after month end closing procedures.

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets and accumulated depreciation:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Adjustments/ Retirements	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 195,761	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ 220,761
Construction in progress	156,482	1,495,263		1,651,745
Total non-depreciable assets	352,243	1,520,263		1,872,506
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings and parks	1,046,900	-	-	1,046,900
Machinery and equipment	464,572	18,194	-	482,766
Vehicles	651,909	8,333	-	660,242
Infrastructure	1,581,971	-	-	1,581,971
Landfill	121,706	_		121,706
	3,867,058	26,527	<u>-</u>	3,893,585
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and parks	368,483	34,124	-	402,607
Machinery and equipment	422,040	17,165	-	439,205
Vehicles	616,180	24,665	-	640,845
Infrastructure	617,562	71,601	-	689,163
Landfill	30,426	2,434	<u>-</u> _	32,860
	2,054,691	149,989	<u>-</u>	2,204,680
Total depreciable assets, net	1,812,367	(123,462)		1,688,905
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 2,164,610</u>	<u>\$ 1,396,801</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,561,411

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Total

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

149,989

General government	\$ 52,496
Public safety	47,996
Public works	31,498
State street aid	 17,999

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Adjustments/ Retirements	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 169,847	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 169,847
Total non-depreciable assets	169,847	<u>-</u>		169,847
Depreciable capital assets:				
North Bledsoe system	3,008,661	-	-	3,008,661
Water treatment and distribution	16,039,116	203,382	-	16,242,498
Sewer collection and treatment	3,885,990	-	-	3,885,990
Buildings	184,075	-	-	184,075
Machinery and equipment	364,393	49,392	-	413,785
Vehicles	242,497	16,833	-	259,330
Gas lines and meters	1,862,260	_	_	1,862,260
Reservoirs and standpipes	345,661			345,661
	25,932,653	269,607		26,202,260
Less accumulated depreciation:				
North Bledsoe system	905,642	75,172	_	980,814
Water treatment and distribution	3,520,786	331,478	-	3,852,264
Sewer collection and treatment	1,889,301	68,960	_	1,958,261
Buildings	93,244	5,042	-	98,286
Machinery and equipment	250,254	40,128	-	290,382
Vehicles	234,084	5,051	_	239,135
Gas lines and meters	949,406	44,870	_	994,276
Reservoirs and standpipes	345,661	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	345,661
	8,188,378	570,701		8,759,079
Total depreciable assets, net	17,744,275	(301,094)		17,443,181
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 17,914,122</u>	<u>\$ (301,094)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 17,613,028

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental Activities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations relative to governmental activities are reported as liabilities of the entity. Debt reported in the government-wide financial statements is expected to be liquidated with general government resources. The debt represents amounts not expected to be paid with expendable, available resources, and consists of the following:

Notes:

Note of \$1,000,000 to Tennessee Municipal League Bond Fund, payable in variable, annual installments through 2031, with interest payable monthly at .44%

750,419

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

Bond Anticipation Note up to \$1,550,000 to Tennessee Municipal
League Bond Fund, payable at maturity on January 8, 2018, including
accrued interest per annum 3.125%

Landfill post-closure estimate
Original estimate of \$36,810 amortized over thirty (30) years or
\$1,227 per year

Liability for compensated absences as discussed in Note 1

\$ 14,369

Maturities of general long-term liabilities are as follows:

For the Year Ending June 30,		Notes	andfill t-Closure	npensated bsences	Total
2018	\$	1,588,000	\$ 1,227	\$ 14,369	\$ 1,603,596
2019		40,000	1,227	-	41,227
2020		42,000	1,227	-	43,227
2021		44,000	1,227	-	45,227
2022		47,000	1,227	-	48,227
2023-2027		271,000	6,135	-	277,135
2028-2032	_	268,419	 6,135	 <u>-</u>	 274,554
	\$	2,300,419	\$ 18,405	\$ 14,369	\$ 2,333,193

Business-type Activities

Long-term debt and long-term obligations relative to business-type activities are reported as liabilities with the proprietary fund financial statements. Debt related to business-type activities at June 30, 2017, consisted of the following:

Water and Sewer Fund

Notes:

Note of \$1,670,000 to USDA Rural Development, Series 2011, payable in monthly installments of \$6,627, including interest at 3.50% through June 2052

\$ 1,588,117

Note of \$60,000 to Tennessee Municipal League, Bond Fund, Series 2014, payable in variable, annual installments, plus semi-annual interest at 3.07% through February 2018

15,700

Note of \$483,000 to USDA Rural Development, Series 2006, payable in monthly installments of \$2,179, including interest at 4.375% through 2046

424,587

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Business-type Activities (Continued)

Note of \$1,042,700 to USDA Rural Development, Series 2008, payable in monthly installments of \$4,609, including interest at 4.375% through 2048

932,621

\$ 2,961,025

Liability for compensated absences as discussed in Note 1

11,400

Maturities of water and sewer long-term liabilities are as follows:

For the Year Ending June 30,	Notes	npensated bsences		Total
2018	\$ 67,059	\$ 11,400	\$	78,459
2019	53,168	-		53,168
2020	55,043	-		55,043
2021	56,989	-		56,989
2022	59,007	-		59,007
2023-2027	328,054	-		328,054
2028-2032	391,180	-		391,180
2033-2037	467,219	-		467,219
2038-2042	558,954	-		558,954
2043-2047	625,923	-		625,923
2048-2052	 298,429	 	_	298,429
	\$ 2,961,025	\$ 11,400	\$	2,972,425

Natural Gas Fund

Revenue bonds:

Series 2002, payable in variable, annual installments, plus interest at rates of 3.25% to 4.25%, through December 2022

475,000

Liability for compensated absences as discussed in Note 1

<u>\$ 3,144</u>

Maturities of natural gas long-term liabilities are as follows:

For the Year Ending June 30,		Notes		pensated osences	Total		
2018	\$	70,000	\$	3,144	\$	73,144	
2019		75,000		· -		75,000	
2020		75,000		-		75,000	
2021		80,000		-		80,000	
2022		85,000		-		85,000	
2023		90,000				90,000	
	\$	475,000	\$	3,144	\$	478,144	

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

During the year ended June 30, 2017, changes in long-term debt were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Adjustments/ Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Notes payable Capital lease obligations Landfill post-closure Compensated absences	\$ 969,542 20,010 19,632 10,712	\$ 1,367,877 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 37,000 20,010 1,227 10,712	\$ 2,300,419 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 1,588,000 - 1,227 14,369
	<u>\$ 1,019,896</u>	\$ 1,382,246	\$ 68,949	\$ 2,333,193	\$ 1,603,596
Business-type Activities					
Water and Sewer Fund: Notes payable Compensated absences	\$ 3,065,836 5,640 3,071,476	\$	\$ 104,811 5,640 110,451	\$ 2,961,025 11,400 2,972,425	\$ 67,059 11,400 78,459
Natural Gas Fund: Bonds payable Compensated absences	540,000 2,651 542,651	3,144	65,000 2,651 67,651	475,000 3,144 478,144	70,000 3,144 73,144
	\$ 3,614,127	\$ 14,544	<u>\$ 178,102</u>	\$ 3,450,569	<u>\$ 151,603</u>

NOTE 9 – LANDFILL POST-CLOSURE COSTS

The City of Pikeville is involved in a joint venture with the City of Dunlap, Bledsoe County, and Sequatchie County in the Sequatchie/Bledsoe County Landfill. The City of Pikeville shares in the closure and post-closure costs in a ratio equal to the proportion that the City's population bears to the total population of the county.

Rules designated by the federal Environmental Protection Agency and the Tennessee Solid Waste Management Act of 1991 require municipalities operating landfills in Tennessee to be financially responsible for certain closure and post-closure care costs.

Closure and post-closure care costs include:

- The cost of equipment expected to be installed and facilities expected to be constructed near or after the date the landfill stops accepting waste and during the post-closure period.
- The costs of final cover expected to be applied near or after the closure date.

NOTE 9 – LANDFILL POST-CLOSURE COSTS (Continued)

• The costs of monitoring and maintaining the expected usable landfill areas during the post-closure period. Statement No. 18, Accounting for Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs, issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board, requires governments to accrue a liability for these closure and post-closure care costs. This liability represents a proportionate share of estimated total current cost of closure and post-closure care. The liability is based on the cost to provide the required care on the date of the financial statements. The amount accrued each period is determined using the depletion method based on the percentage of landfill capacity use during the period. Estimates of closure and post-closure care costs are recalculated each year to reflect the effects of general inflation/deflation, changes in the landfill's closure or post-closure care plan and for changes in operating conditions such as technology or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

The estimated total current cost of closure and post-closure care of the Sequatchie/Bledsoe County Landfill is \$167,318. The City of Pikeville's share of the estimated total current cost of closure and post-closure, based upon population percentages, would be 11% or \$18,405. This amount has been recorded as a liability on the Statement of Net Position, as discussed in the previous note disclosure, Note 8.

NOTE 10 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Governmental Activities

Restricted net position represents \$206 restricted for the industrial development purposes; \$5,322 is restricted for drug prevention purposes; and \$91,272 is restricted for the City's future pension needs. Governmental activities restricted net position totaled \$96,800 at June 30, 2017.

Business-type Activities

Restricted net position represents \$176,867 restricted for the City's future pension needs.

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Employees of Pikeville are provided a defined benefit pension plan through the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

Benefits provided. Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. The chief legislative body may adopt the benefit terms permitted by statute. Members are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available at age 55 and vested. Members vest with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria.

NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (Continued)

Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At the measurement date of June 30, 2016, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	7
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	11
Active employees	25
	43

Contributions. Contributions for employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Employees contribute 5 percent of salary. The City of Pikeville makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2017, employer contributions for Pikeville were \$40,138 based on a rate of 4.49 percent of covered payroll. By law, employer contributions are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept Pikeville's state shared taxes if required employer contributions are not remitted. The employer's actuarially determined contribution (ADC) and member contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Pikeville's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on age, including

inflation, averaging 4.25 percent

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Cost-of-Living Adjustment 2.5 percent

Mortality rates were based on actual experience from the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study adjusted for some of the expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012, (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation, and (3) capital market projections that were utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique.

NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (Continued)

The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3 percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected	
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
U.S. equity	6.46%	33%
Developed market international equity	6.26%	17%
Emerging market international equity	6.40%	5%
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%
Real estate	4.73%	7%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5 percent based on a blending of the three factors described above.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the City will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

		Increase (Decrease)				
	T	otal Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Position		
		Liability	Net Pension	Liability (Asset)		
		(a)	(b)	<u>(a) – (b)</u>		
Balance at 6/30/15	\$	2,027,556	\$ 2,265,483	\$ (237,927)		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		44,050	_	44,050		
Interest		151,894	-	151,894		
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(106, 106)	-	(106,106)		
Contributions – employer		-	35,247	(35,247)		
Contributions – employees		-	39,251	(39,251)		
Net investment income		-	59,830	(59,830)		
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(92,695)	(92,695	-		
Administrative expense		<u> </u>	(1,812	1,812		
Net changes		(2,857)	39,821	(42,678)		
Balance at 6/30/16	<u>\$</u>	2,024,699	\$ 2,305,304	<u>\$ (280,605)</u>		

NOTE 11 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ (38,425)	<u>\$ (280,605)</u>	\$ (482,885)

Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension income. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension income of \$35,623.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	32,121	\$	(160,449)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		147,046		(71,412)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date of June 30, 2016		40,138		<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$</u>	219,305	\$	(231,861)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2018	\$ (24,967)
2019	(24,967)
2020	10,740
2021	4,182
Thereafter	<u>(17,682</u>)
	(50.50.1)
	<u>\$ (52,694)</u>

In the table shown above, positive amounts will increase pension expense while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Payable to the Plan

At June 30, 2017, the City reported a payable of \$9,272 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2017.

NOTE 12 - RESTRICTIONS AND CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Grants

The City has received funds from federal and state grants for specific purposes which are subject to review by the grantor agencies. Such reviews could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agencies for any expenditure disallowed under the terms of the grants. Management believes that such disallowed costs, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT AND LITIGATION

The City of Pikeville is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in the Tennessee Municipal League Risk Management Pool (TML-RMP) to provide workers' compensation coverage and general liability and property insurance. The City, along with other participating entities, contributes annual amounts determined by TML-RMP management. As claims arise they are submitted to and paid by TMP-RMP. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City contributed a total of \$71,427 to the fund for this insurance coverage. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated events and transactions subsequent to the balance sheet date through the date of the auditor's report (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. Management has not identified any items requiring recognition or disclosure.

NOTE 15 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Alderman Reed Sells is a part owner in a local building supply business. During the year the City purchased items totaling \$19,125 from this business in the normal course of operations.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PIKEVILLE'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS BASED ON PARTICIPATION IN THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN OF TCRS

FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30

	2016		2017
Total Pension Liability (Asset)			
Service cost	\$ 50,122	\$	44,050
Interest	143,616		151,894
Changes in benefit terms	-		-
Differences between actual and expected experience	53,535		(106,106)
Change in assumptions	-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	 (168,960)		(92,695)
Net change in total pension liability	78,313		(2,857)
Total pension liability - beginning	 1,949,243	_	2,027,556
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 2,027,556	\$	2,024,699
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 32,871	\$	35,247
Contributions - employee	36,605		39,251
Net investment income	69,191		59,830
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(168,960)		(92,695)
Administrative expense	 (1,056)	_	(1,812)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(31,349)		39,821
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 2,296,832		2,265,483
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2,265,483	\$	2,305,304
Net Pension Liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (237,927)	\$	(280,605)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	111.73%		113.86%
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 732,089	\$	785,025
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	32.50%		35.74%

Note: This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retrospectively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

SCHEDULE OF PIKEVILLE'S CONTRIBUTIONS BASED ON PARTICIPATION IN THE PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN OF TCRS

FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30

	2015		2016		2017	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	32,871	\$	35,247	\$	40,138
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		32,871		35,247	_	40,138
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage	\$, , , , , ,	\$	785,025	\$	893,942
covered-employee payroll		4.49%		4.49%		4.49%

Note: This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retrospectively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

NOTES TO PENSION SCHEDULES

JUNE 30, 2017

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates for 2017 were calculated based on the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Frozen initial liability

Amortization method Level dollar, closed (not to exceed 20 years)

Remaining amortization period 5 years

Asset valuation 10-year smoothed within a 20 percent corridor to market value

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on age, including

inflation, averaging 4.25 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.5 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Pattern of retirement determined by experience study

Mortality Customized table based on actual experience including an adjustment

for some anticipated improvement

Cost of Living Adjustments 2.5 percent

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2017

	Industrial Development Board		Drug Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmenta Funds		
ASSETS	<u> </u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	5,322	\$	5,322	
Accounts receivable, net		206				206	
Total assets		206		5,322		5,528	
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		206	-	5,322		5,528	
Total fund balances	\$	206	\$	5,322	\$	5,528	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Industrial Development Board		Drug Fund		Total Nonmajor Government Funds		
REVENUES							
Fines and forfeitures	\$		\$	2,016	\$	2,016	
Total revenues				2,016		2,016	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		<u> </u>		2,016		2,016	
FUND BALANCES Beginning		206		3,306		3,512	
Ending	\$	206	\$	5,322	\$	5,528	

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Bud	get Amo	unts			ariance th Final
	Original		Final	 Actual	Budget	
TAXES -						
Property taxes	\$ 285,5		292,249	\$ 291,080	\$	(1,169)
Local sales taxes	190,0		190,000	200,135		10,135
Business taxes	10,3		17,914	27,384		9,470
Local beer taxes	110,0	00	110,000	91,238		(18,762)
Wholesale liquor tax	30,1	00	30,100	37,667		7,567
Franchise taxes	7,5	00	7,500	 7,616		116
Total taxes	633,4	.00	647,763	 655,120		7,357
LICENSES AND PERMITS -						
Privilege licenses	1,3	50	1,350	1,150		(200)
Total licenses and permits	1,3	50	1,350	1,150		(200)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL -						
State sales tax	115,0	00	115,000	133,449		18,449
State beer tax	8	00	800	776		(24)
State income and excise tax	19,0	00	19,000	16,296		(2,704)
City streets and transportation	43,5	00	43,500	47,900		4,400
TVA in lieu of tax	18,0	00	18,000	18,143		143
State and other grants	301,8	00	301,800	245,652		(56,148)
Total intergovernmental	498,1	00	498,100	462,216		(35,884)
CHARGES FOR SERVICES -						
Sanitation fees	121,0	50	121,000	130,694		9,694
Other	42,1	50	42,200	27,694		(14,506)
Total charges for services	163,2		163,200	158,388		(4,812)
FINES AND FORFEITS -						
City court fines and fees	15,0	00	16,337	19,487		3,150
Total fines and forfeits	15,0	00	16,337	19,487		3,150

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget	Amounts		Variance with Final
(Continued)	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
MISCELLANEOUS				
Insurance recoveries	\$ -	\$ 608	\$ 11,308	\$ 10,700
Interest	345	345	191	(154)
Rent	7,200	7,375	7,275	(100)
Contributions	8,000	8,000	7,904	(96)
Refunds	5,000	5,000	5,101	101
Other	2,050	2,958	10,908	7,950
Total miscellaneous	22,595	24,286	42,687	18,401
Total revenues	1,333,645	1,351,036	1,339,048	(11,988)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Legislative -				
Salaries	7,200	7,200	7,200	_
Payroll taxes	550	379	251	128
Insurance	2,500	3,672	3,672	120
Hisurance	10,250	11,251	11,123	128
Judicial -				
Salaries	4,800	4,800	4,800	-
Payroll taxes	375	367	367	-
Insurance	10,500	11,381	11,381	-
	15,675	16,548	16,548	_
Mayor -				
Salaries	13,000	13,500	13,500	-
Payroll taxes	995	969	969	-
Insurance	22,000	27,533	27,533	
	35,995	42,002	42,002	<u>-</u>
Central Staff Agencies -				
Salaries	72,500	78,795	71,561	7,234
Payroll taxes	5,550	5,860	5,860	-
Insurance	25,000	22,851	22,851	-
Pension	3,255	3,385	3,385	-
Training	150	225	225	-
Data processing	5,500	5,500	5,500	-
Contract services	3,000	5,790	5,829	(39)
Professional services	10,000	8,550	8,550	-
Subscriptions	2,000	833	833	-
Telephone	5,000	5,921	5,921	-
Operating supplies	6,300	3,998	3,998	-
Repair and maintenance	775	1,132	1,132	-

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				Variance
	Budget A	Amounts		with Final
(Continued)	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Central Staff Agencies - (Continued)				
Travel	\$ 1,000	\$ 454	\$ 454	\$ -
Other equipment	20,000	4,164	4,164	
	160,030	147,458	140,263	7,195
City Hall Buildings -				
Utilities	27,900	9,436	9,436	-
Contract services	5,000	8,942	8,942	-
Operating supplies	8,500	8,278	8,128	150
Repair and maintenance	500	60	60	-
Buildings	-	25,050	25,050	-
Equipment	-	8,485	8,485	-
Other	16,550	19,028	19,028	
	58,450	79,279	79,129	150
Special Projects -				
Contract services	1,814,400	1,662,616	1,487,749	174,867
Operating supplies	-	102,734	102,734	-
. 0	1,814,400	1,765,350	1,590,483	174,867
General Government -				
Other insurance	35,000	18,068	18,068	-
Unemployment insurance	2,610	699	560	139
Professional services	20,000	11,548	11,548	-
Subscriptions and dues	500	415	415	-
Operating supplies	500	827	827	
	58,610	31,557	31,418	139
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	2,153,410	2,093,445	1,910,966	182,479
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY				
Police -				
Salaries	95,185	123,709	123,709	-
Payroll taxes	7,285	9,313	9,313	-
Insurance	60,000	58,143	58,143	-
Pension	4,275	3,860	3,860	-
Employee training	1,000	941	941	-
Subscriptions and dues	1,000	754	754	-
Telephone	6,600	6,831	6,831	-
Utilities	2,500	2,592	2,592	-
Travel	1,000	715	715	-
(Continued)				

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				Variance
	Budget	Amounts		with Final
(Continued)	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Police - (Continued)				
Operating supplies	\$ 9,500	\$ 16,680	\$ 16,080	\$ 600
Contract services	20,310	21,400	2,090	19,310
Equipment	5,000	7,138	5,083	2,055
Repair and maintenance	2,500	4,838	4,458	380
	216,155	256,914	234,569	22,345
Fire -				
Employee training	4,250	4,839	3,973	866
Insurance	35,000	31,838	31,838	-
Subscriptions and dues	1,000	825	250	575
Telephone	2,000	1,956	1,956	-
Utilities	7,400	6,739	6,739	-
Travel	2,300	805	805	-
Operating supplies	8,000	6,709	6,692	17
Contract services	3,800	3,800	3,586	214
Repair and maintenance	7,000	3,171	1,710	1,461
Equipment	8,000	8,000	4,080	3,920
Land rental	500	500	500	-
	79,250	69,182	62,129	7,053
Support Services -				
Employee training	1,000	149	_	149
Equipment	2,000	2,000	1,222	778
Operating supplies	4,000	4,851	4,351	500
Operating supplies	7,000	7,000	5,573	1,427
TOTAL DEPARTMENT				
OF PUBLIC SAFETY	302,405	333,096	302,271	30,825
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS				
Highways and Streets -				
Insurance	37,000	36,442	36,442	-
Contract services	8,000	10,572	10,572	-
Telephone	3,400	3,400	3,400	-
Operating supplies	13,700	12,487	12,425	62
Equipment	10,000	4,910	4,910	-
Street projects	20,000	7,378	7,378	-
Repair and maintenance	3,000	820	820	
-	95,100	76,009	75,947	62
(Continued)				

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

				Variance
-		Amounts		with Final
(Continued)	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Sanitation -				
Contract services	\$ 121,095	\$ 121,095	\$ 101,260	\$ 19,835
	121,095	121,095	101,260	19,835
TOTAL DEPARTMENT				
OF PUBLIC WORKS	216,195	197,104	177,207	19,897
DEPARTMENT OF STATE STREET A	ID			
State Street Aid -				
Salaries	82,050	99,071	99,071	-
Payroll taxes	6,275	7,623	7,623	-
Pension	3,685	4,028	4,028	-
Utilities	25,000	28,281	28,281	-
	117,010	139,003	139,003	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT				
OF STATE STREET AID	117,010	139,003	139,003	
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WELFAR Parks and Recreation -	E			
Utilities	15,925	15,325	15,325	-
Insurance	5,500	4,310	4,310	-
Operating supplies	6,700	34,686	34,652	34
Contract services	3,500	2,701	2,701	-
Repair and maintenance	1,000	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
	32,625	57,022	56,988	34
TOTAL DEPARTMENT			<u> </u>	
OF PUBLIC WELFARE	32,625	57,022	56,988	34
DEBT SERVICE				
Principal	46,000	48,185	57,010	(8,825)
Interest	16,000	33,181	45,721	(12,540)
interest	10,000		73,721	(12,570)
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE	62,000	81,366	102,731	(21,365)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,883,645	2,901,036	2,689,166	211,870

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget A	Amounts		Variance with Final
(Continued)	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Budget
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,550,000)	(1,550,000)	(1,350,118)	199,882
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE Notes payable issued	\$\\ \\$ 1,550,000	\$ 1,550,000	\$ 1,367,877	\$ 182,123
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENU AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USE		<u>\$</u>	17,759	<u>\$ 17,759</u>
FUND BALANCES Beginning			157,825	
Ending			\$ 175,584	

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BOARD FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Buo Origina	 Amoun	its Final	Ac	tual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUE	\$	 \$		\$		\$ -
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	 \$	<u>-</u>		-	<u> </u>
FUND BALANCES Beginning					206	
Ending				\$	206	

DRUG FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

-	Budget Amounts Original Final				A	actual	Variance with Final Budget	
FINES AND FORFEITS -								
City court fines and fees	\$	500	\$	500	\$	2,016	\$	1,516
Total revenues		500		500		2,016		1,516
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY								
Drug enforcement		500		500				500
		500		500				500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		500		500				500
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES	\$		\$			2,016	\$	2,016
FUND BALANCES								
Beginning						3,306		
Ending					\$	5,322		

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX RATES AND ASSESSMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

Year	Tax Rate Per \$100	Assessment	 Levy
2008	0.6600	\$ 41,161,818	\$ 271,668
2009	0.8500	30,589,294	260,009
2010	0.8500	30,071,059	255,604
2011	0.8412	30,551,236	256,997
2012	0.8412	30,587,256	257,300
2013	0.8412	28,980,817	247,769
2014	0.8412	27,302,275	230,200
2015	0.8412	29,880,797	251,600
2016	0.8412	30,162,984	253,600
2017	0.8412	29,986,595	252,200

Uncollected Delinquent Accounts: The City of Pikeville has filed delinquent taxes with the Bledsoe County Trustee for collection at June 30, 2017.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PROPERTY TAX RECEIVABLE

JUNE 30, 2017

Tax Year	Property Tax Receivabl Balance June 30, 20	e	roperty x Levied	I	nticipated Property Cax Levy	and ustments	C	Tax ollections	Re	Property Tax eceivable Balance e 30, 2017
2017	\$	-	\$ -	\$	252,200	\$ -	\$	-	\$	252,200
2016		-	253,400		-	(1,150)		(224,450)		27,800
2015	25,40	80	-		-	-		(14,249)		11,159
2014	19,29	98	-		-	-		(5,575)		13,723
2013	12,4	16	-		-	-		(5,687)		6,729
2012	3	38	-		-	-		-		38
2011		-	-		-	-		-		-
2010	3	39	-		-	-		-		39
2009	13	36	-		-	-		-		136
2008	88	83	-		-	-		-		883
2007	2	73	-		-	-		-		273
2006		-	-		-	-		-		-
2005	83	38	-		-	-		-		838
2004	1	14	-		-	-		-		114
2003	48	89	 			 				489
	\$ 59,93	32	\$ 253,400	\$	252,200	\$ (1,150)	\$	(249,961)	\$	314,421

SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2017

	Tennessee Municipal League Bond Fund Series 2006					Bond Anticipation Note				Total		
Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	I	nterest	Principal	I	nterest	Р	rincipal	Principal	I	nterest
June 30,		тистрат		interest	Timelpar		interest .		imerpur	Timorpui		Interest
2018	\$	38,000	\$	3,379	\$ 1,550,000	\$	48,438	\$	1,227	\$ 1,589,227	\$	51,817
2019		40,000		3,208	-		-		1,227	41,227		3,208
2020		42,000		3,028	-		-		1,227	43,227		3,028
2021		44,000		2,839	-		-		1,227	45,227		2,839
2022		47,000		2,641	-		-		1,227	48,227		2,641
2023		49,000		2,430	-		-		1,227	50,227		2,430
2024		51,000		2,209	-		-		1,227	52,227		2,209
2025		54,000		1,980	-		-		1,227	55,227		1,980
2026		57,000		1,737	-		-		1,227	58,227		1,737
2027		60,000		1,480	-		-		1,227	61,227		1,480
2028		62,000		1,210	-		-		1,227	63,227		1,210
2029		66,000		931	-		-		1,227	67,227		931
2030		69,000		634	-		-		1,227	70,227		634
2031		71,419		324	-		-		1,227	72,646		324
2032		<u>-</u>							1,227	1,227		
Total	\$	750,419	\$	28,030	\$ 1,550,000	\$	48,438	\$	18,405	\$ 2,318,824	\$	76,468

SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS WATER AND SEWER PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2017

		nnessee Mu Bond Fund				US Serie	DA s 201	1	USDA Series 200			Ó
Year Ending June 30,	Р	rincipal	Int	erest	P	rincipal		Interest	P	rincipal	I	nterest
2018	\$	15,700	\$	482	\$	28,832	\$	55,742	\$	7,727	\$	18,421
2019		_		_		29,635		54,896		8,072		18,076
2020		_		_		30,461		54,020		8,431		17,717
2021		_		_		31,309		53,113		8,808		17,340
2022		_		_		32,181		52,173		9,201		16,947
2023		_		_		33,077		51,201		9,611		16,537
2024		_		_		33,998		50,193		10,041		16,107
2025		_		_		34,945		49,150		10,489		15,659
2026		_		_		35,918		48,070		10,957		15,191
2027		_		_		36,919		46,951		11,446		14,702
2028		_		_		37,947		45,793		11,957		14,191
2029		_		_		39,004		44,593		12,491		13,657
2030		_		_		40,090		43,351		13,048		13,100
2031		_		_		41,206		42,064		13,631		12,517
2032		_		_		42,354		40,732		14,239		11,909
2033		_		_		43,533		39,352		14,875		11,273
2034		_		_		44,746		37,924		15,539		10,609
2035		_		_		45,992		36,444		16,232		9,916
2036		_		_		47,273		34,912		16,957		9,191
2037		_		_		48,589		33,325		17,714		8,434
2038		_		_		49,943		31,682		18,505		7,643
2039		_		_		51,333		29,981		19,331		6,817
2040		_		_		52,763		28,218		20,193		5,955
2041		_		_		54,232		26,394		21,095		5,053
2042		_		_		55,743		24,504		22,036		4,112
2043		_		_		57,295		22,547		23,020		3,128
2044		_		_		58,891		20,521		24,048		2,100
2045		_		_		60,531		18,422		25,120		1,028
2046		_		_		62,218		16,249		9,773		9,838
2047		_		_		63,949		13,999		_		19,611
2048		_		_		65,730		11,668		_		
2049		_		_		67,561		9,255		_		-
2050		_		_		69,442		6,756		_		_
2051		_		_		60,477		4,167		_		_
2052		_		_		-		1,486		_		_
Total	\$	15,700	\$	482	\$ 1	1,588,117	\$ 1	1,179,848	\$	424,587	\$	346,779

USDA Series 2008

Total

I	Principal]	Interest	P	rincipal		Interest
\$	14,800	\$	40,508	\$	67,059	\$	115,153
	15,461		39,847		53,168		112,819
	16,151		39,157		55,043		110,894
	16,872		38,436		56,989		108,889
	17,625		37,683		59,007		106,803
	18,412		36,896		61,100		104,634
	19,234		36,074		63,273		102,374
	20,093		35,215		65,527		100,024
	20,989		34,319		67,864		97,580
	21,926		33,382		70,291		95,035
	22,905		32,403		72,809		92,387
	23,928		31,380		75,423		89,630
	24,996		30,312		78,134		86,763
	26,111		29,197		80,948		83,778
	27,277		28,031		83,870		80,672
	28,495		26,813		86,903		77,438
	29,767		25,541		90,052		74,074
	31,095		24,213		93,319		70,573
	32,483		22,825		96,713		66,928
	33,933		21,375		100,236		63,134
	35,448		19,860		103,896		59,185
	37,030		18,278		107,694		55,076
	38,683		16,625		111,639		50,798
	40,410		14,898		115,737		46,345
	42,214		13,094		119,993		41,710
	44,098		11,210		124,413		36,885
	46,067		9,241		129,006		31,862
	48,123		7,185		133,774		26,635
	50,272		5,036		122,263		31,123
	52,515		2,793		116,464		36,403
	35,208		1,295		100,938		12,963
	-		-		67,561		9,255
	-		-		69,442		6,756
	-		-		60,477		4,167
_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			_	1,486
\$	932,621	\$	763,122	\$ 2	2,961,025	\$	2,290,231

SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS NATURAL GAS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2017

		Revenue Bond Series 2002							
Year Ending June 30,	Р	rincipal	I	nterest					
2018	\$	70,000	\$	20,515					
2019		75,000		17,325					
2020		75,000		13,894					
2021		80,000		10,213					
2022		85,000		6,294					
2023		90,000		4,275					
Total	\$	475,000	\$	72,516					

SCHEDULE OF MUNICIPAL UTILITY RATES AND NUMBERS OF CUSTOMERS

JUNE 30, 2017

WATER RATE SCHEDULE

	Residential	Commercial	Outside City
Water Rates:			
First 2,000 Gallons	\$17.76/month	\$20.42/month	\$17.76/month
2,001 to 12,000 Gallons	\$4.79/month	\$6.07/month	\$8.61/month
12,000 Gallons and over	\$4.48/month	\$5.76/month	\$5.74/month

SEWER RATE SCHEDULE

The City's sewer rate is 100% of the water rate

NATURAL GAS RATE SCHEDULE

Gas rates fluctuate on a monthly basis depending on the wholesale gas cost.

GARBAGE RATE SCHEDULE

\$12.95/month

NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS

Water	1675
Sewer	673
Garbage	676
Natural Gas	964

Water Australian Report for: City of Paramille (TNR0000555) Reporting visit contents on the late of this tester, When actions, intention visits a fund to use of instruction of the paramiller (TNR000055) Reporting visit or contents on the late of this tester, When actions, intention visits a fund to use of instruction of the paramiller visits of	AW	/WA Free Water A Reporting Wo		W <i>F</i> American Water Worl Copyright © 2014, All Riq	
AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION Billed unmercend Bill dummercend	Water Addit Report for.				
To select the correct date grading for each input, determine the highest grade where the utility mocts of executing and significant below 8. WATER SUPPLIED Volume from own sources: \$ 1	input data by grading each component (n/a or 1-10) using the drop-down list to the	e left of the input cell. Hover t	ne mouse over the cell to obtain a	a description of the grades	
WATER SUPPLIED Volume troor own sources: Volume requirement: Volume troop troops: Volume troops:				AR	_
Volume from own sources: Water supplied: Water supplied				Master Meter and Supply Error Adjustmen	nts
Water imported \$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \f				Torit. Varuo.	7.40.07
WATER SUPPLIED: 28.399 MG/Y Billed meterach	_			+ ?	_
AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION Silical meteroes Silica	Water exported:	+ ? n/a	0.000 MG/Yr		_
Billied meteored. Billed unreleased. To 0.000 MG/YY Drothied unreleased. Billed unreleased. Billed unreleased. To 0.000 MG/YY Billed unreleased. Billed unreleased. To 0.000 MG/YY Billed unreleased. Billed unreleased. Billed unreleased. Billed unreleased. To 0.000 MG/YY Billed unreleased. B	WATER SUPPLIED:		281.399 MG/Yr	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Billed ummetered: 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION			Click here:	_
Unbilled metered: 1 1 2 1 0 0.000 MGVY Unbilled unereded: 1 2 1 7 0.000 MGVY AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION: 2 184.943 MGVY WATER LOSSES (Water Supplied - Authorized Consumption) 96.456 MGVY WATER LOSSES (Water Supplied - Authorized consumption) 96.456 MGVY Default option selected for unauthorized consumption - a grading of 5 is applied but not displayed Customer metering inaccuracies: 2 7 19.386 MGVY Systematic data handling errors: 2 2 20.188 MGVY Real Losses (Current Annual Real Losses or CARL) Real Losses - Water Losses: 3 7 7 0.000 MGVY WATER LOSSES: 96.456 MGVY Real Losses - Water Losses - Water Losses: 2 7 7 7.25 miles NON-REVENUE WATER: 2 96.731 MGVY Average length of customer service incentions: 3 7 7 7.75 miles Average length of customer service incentions: 3 7 7 7.75 miles Average length of customer service incentions: 3 7 7 7.75 miles Customer meters typically located at the custogs or popenty line? Average length of customer service incentions: 3 7 7 7.75 miles Customer meters typically located at the custogs or popenty line? Average length of customer service incentions: 3 7 7 7.75 miles Customer meters typically located at the custogs or popenty line? Average length of customer service incentions: 3 7 7 7.75 miles Customer meters typically located at the custogs or popenty line? Average length of customer service incentions: 3 7 7 7.744 miles Customer meters typically located at the custogs or popenty line? Average length of customer service line as been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average length of customer service line as been set to zero and a state grading score of 10 has been applied Average operating pressure: 3 8 9 5 5 6 40,840 SYrear Customer meters typically located at the custogs or popenty line? Average length of customer service line as been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average operating pressure: 3 8 9 5 5 6 40,840 SYrear Customer meters livinit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): 3 1 8 9 5 1,986 11 S					
AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION: 184.943 MG/Y	_			Pcnt: Value:	_
WATER LOSSES (Water Supplied - Authorized Consumption) Apparent Losses Unauthorized consumption: Un	Unbilled unmetered:	+ ? 7	0.275 MG/Yr	0.275	MG/Yr
WATER LOSSES (Water Supplied - Authorized Consumption) Apparent Losses Unauthorized consumption - a grading of 5 is applied but not displayed Customer metering inaccuracies: \$ 2 7 9 19.385 MG/Yr Systematic data handling errors: \$ 2 7 0.100 MG/Yr Apparent Losses: \$ 2 0.188 MG/Yr Real Losses (Current Annual Real Losses or CARL) Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: \$ 76.268 MG/Yr Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: \$ 96.456 MG/Yr Real Losses + Unbilled Unmetered WATER LOSSES: \$ 96.456 MG/Yr WATER LOSSES: \$ 96.456 MG/Yr NUMber of active AND inactive service connections: \$ 2 7 7 1.77.3 males Number of active AND inactive service connections: \$ 2 7 7 1.77.40 con/mile main Are customer meters typically located at the custosing into the property boundary, that is the responsibility of the unitry) Average length of customer service inches has been supplied Average length of customer service inches has been service inches and adata grading score of 10 has been applied Average length of customer service inches had been	AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION:	?	184.943 MG/Yr	percentage of water supplied	
Unauthorized consumption: a grading of 5 is applied but not displayed Customer metering inaccuracies: 1 27 7 19.385 MG/Y Systematic data handling errors: 1 27 7 0.100 MG/Y Apparent Losses: 2 20.188 MG/Y Apparent Losses: 2 20.188 MG/Y Real Losses (Current Annual Real Losses or CARL) Real Losses Water Losses - Apparent Losses: 9 76.268 MG/Y Real Losses - Water Losses - Apparent Losses: 9 96.456 MG/Y NON-REVENUE WATER NON-REVENUE WATER SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: 9 7 7 1,744 conn./mile main Are customer meters typically located at the curbshop or property line? Average length of customer service line: 9 105.0 psi Average length of customer service line: 9 105.0 psi COST DATA Cost DATA Total annual cost of operating water system: 9 10 105.0 psi Customer retail unit cost (applied to Real Losses): 9 10 105.0 psi WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: "YOUR SCORE IS: 81 out of 100 "" A weighted scale for the components of consumption and water loss is included in the calculation of the Water Audit Data Validity Score PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components: 1. Billed metered 2. Volume from own sources	WATER LOSSES (Water Supplied - Authorized Consumption)		96.456 MG/Yr		
Default option selected for unauthorized consumption - a grading of 5 is applied but not displayed Customer metering inaccuracies: 12 7 9 19.385 MG/Yr Systematic data handling errors: 12 7 9 0.100 MG/Yr Apparent Losses: 12 20.188 MG/Yr Real Losses (Current Annual Real Losses or CARL) Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: 12 76.268 MG/Yr WATER LOSSES: 96.456 MG/Yr WATER LOSSES: 96.456 MG/Yr NON-REVENUE WATER NON-REVENUE WATER: 96.731 MG/Yr Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmerered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: 12 7 7 75.3 miles Number of active AND inactive service one connections: 12 7 1.7743 Service connection density: 12 23 connu/mile main Average length of customer service line in a been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average length of customer service line in a been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average length of customer service line in a been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average length of customer service line in a been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average operating pressure: 12 9 \$2.640.840 SY/ear Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): 12 8 \$1.400 [\$7.000 gallons (US) Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses): 12 8 \$1.400 [\$7.000 gallons (US) WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: **YOUR SCORE IS: 81 out of 100 *** A weighted scale for the components of consumption and water loss is included in the calculation of the Water Audit Data Validity Score PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components: 1. Billed metered 2. Volume from own sources				-0.40	7
Customer metering inaccuracies: 2 2 7 19.385 MGYY Apparent Losses: 2 2 0.188 MGYY Apparent Losses: 2 2 20.188 MGYY Real Losses (Gurrent Annual Real Losses or CARL) Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: 2 76.268 MGYY WATER LOSSES: 96.456 MGYY NON-REVENUE WATER WATER Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unnetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: 2 7 7 1.744 Service connections: 2 2 7 1.744 Service connection density: 2 7 1.744 Service connection density: 2 7 1.744 Service connection density: 2 3 conn./mile main Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property line? 4 Norrage length of customer service line is been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average length of customer service line is 10.50 psi 51.968.41 \$Affiliance (Us) Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses): 2 8 \$2.640.840 \$Year Customer retell unit cost (applied to Real Losses): 2 9 \$1.968.41 \$Affiliance gallows: 4 Norrage length of customer service line is 10.50 psi 51.968.41 \$Affiliance gallows: 4 Norrage length of customer service line is 10.50 psi 51.968.41 \$Affiliance gallows: 4 Norrage length of customer service line is 10.50 psi 51.968.41 \$Affiliance gallows: 4 Norrage length of customer service line is 10.50 psi 51.968.41 \$Affiliance gallows: 4 Norrage length of customer service line is 10.50 psi 51.968.41 \$Affiliance gallows: 4 Norrage length of customer service line is 10.50 psi 51.968.41 \$Affiliance gallows: 4 Norrage length of customer service line is 10.50 psi 51.968.41 \$Affiliance gallows: 4 Norrage length of customer service line is 10.50 psi 51.968.41 \$Affiliance gallows: 4 Norrage length of customer service line is 10.50 psi 51.968.41 \$Affiliance gallows: 4 Norrage length of customer service line is 10.50 psi 51.968.41 \$Affiliance gallows: 4 Norrage length of customer service line is 10.50 psi 51.968.41 \$Affiliance gallows: 4 Norrage length of customer service line is 10.50 psi 51.968.41 \$Affiliance gallows: 4 Norrage length of customer service line is 10.50 psi 51.968.	· ·			0.25%	MG/Yr
Apparent Losses: 1 2.0.188 MG/Yr Real Losses (Current Annual Real Losses or CARL) Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: 2 76.268 MG/Yr WATER LOSSES: 96.456 MG/Yr NON-REVENUE WATER Water Losses + Urbilled Unmetered System DATA Length of mains: 1 7 7 75.3 mles Number of active AND inactive service connection density: 2 7 7 1,744 Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop of property line? Average length of customer service line has been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average length of customer service line as 1 2 8 8 54.30 S/Year Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): 2 8 54.430 S/Year Customer retail unit cost (applied to Real Losses): 2 9 \$1,968.41 S/Million gallic_libe Customer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: "YOUR SCORE IS: 81 out of 100 *** A weighted scale for the components of consumption and water loss is included in the calculation of the Water Audit Data Validity Score PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the Information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components: 1. Billed metered 2. Volume from own sources	_			9.50%	MG/Yr
Real Losses (Current Annual Real Losses or CARL) Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: Yes 96.731 MG/Yr		+ ? 7			_
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: WATER LOSSES: 96.456 MG/Yr NON-REVENUE WATER NON-REVENUE WATER NON-REVENUE WATER Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: Length of mains: 2 7 75.3 miles Number of active AND inactive service connections: 2 2 7 1,744 Service connection censity: 2 2 20 conn/mile main Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line has been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average length of customer service line was been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average operating pressure: 1 2 9 \$2,640,840 syrvar Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): 2 9 \$2,640,840 syrvar Customer retail unit cost (applied to Real Losses): 3 19.98.41 SMillion gallo libes Customer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: ***YOUR SCORE IS: 81 out of 100 *** A weighted scale for the components of consumption and water loss is included in the calculation of the Water Audit Data Validity Score PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components: 1: Billed metered 2: Volume from own sources	Apparent Losses:	?	20.188 MG/Yr		
NON-REVENUE WATER Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: Yes (length of service line, beyond the property line) Average length of customer service line has been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average length of customer service line has been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average ength of customer service line has been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average operating pressure: Total annual cost of operating water system: Variable production cost (applied to Apparent Losses): System WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: ***YOUR SCORE IS: 81 out of 100 *** A weighted scale for the components of consumption and water loss is included in the calculation of the Water Audit Data Validity Score PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components: 1: Billed metered 2: Volume from own sources		2	70.000 4004		
Non-Revenue water		*			
NON-REVENUE WATER: 96.731 MG/rr = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains: 97 7 75.3 miles Number of active AND inactive service connections: 17 7 1,744 Service connection density: 2 2 conn./mile main Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property line: 17 7 1,744 Average length of customer service line: 18 7 6 105.0 psi COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system: 17 6 105.0 psi Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): 17 8 1,744 Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses): 17 8 1,745 WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: **YOUR SCORE IS: 81 out of 100 *** A weighted scale for the components of consumption and water loss is included in the calculation of the Water Audit Data Validity Score PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components: 1: Billed metered 2: Volume from own sources			90.430 MG/Yr		_
Length of mains: Part		?	96.731 MG/Yr		
Length of mains:					_
Number of active AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: 2 7 1,744 Service connection density: 2 2 2 3 conn/mile main Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line has been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average operating pressure: 2 6 105.0 psi COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system: 4 2 9 \$2,640,840 \$5/Year Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): 4 2 9 \$1,968.41 \$5/Million galloc_Use Customer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: **YOUR SCORE IS: 81 out of 100 *** A weighted scale for the components of consumption and water loss is included in the calculation of the Water Audit Data Validity Score PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components: 1: Billed metered 2: Volume from own sources	_	. 2 7	75 2 miles		
Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line: Average length of customer service line: Average length of customer service line: Average operating pressure: Total annual cost of operating water system: Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses): WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: ***YOUR SCORE IS: 81 out of 100 *** A weighted scale for the components of consumption and water loss is included in the calculation of the Water Audit Data Validity Score PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components: 1: Billed metered 2: Volume from own sources	_				
Average length of customer service line:	Service connection density:	?	23 conn./mile main		
Average length of customer service line has been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied Average operating pressure:			(letigui oi se		
Total annual cost of operating water system:					
Total annual cost of operating water system:	Average operating pressure:	+ ? 6	105.0 psi		
Total annual cost of operating water system:	COST DATA				-
Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses): Variable production cost (applied to Apparent Losses): Variable production cost (applied to Apparent Losses): Variable production cost (applied to Apparent Losses): Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses): V	_				
WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: *** YOUR SCORE IS: 81 out of 100 *** A weighted scale for the components of consumption and water loss is included in the calculation of the Water Audit Data Validity Score PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components: 1: Billed metered 2: Volume from own sources	Lotal annual cost of operating water system:	+ ? 9 \$2	640 840 \$/Year		
A weighted scale for the components of consumption and water loss is included in the calculation of the Water Audit Data Validity Score PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components: 1: Billed metered 2: Volume from own sources	Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses):	+ ? 8	\$14.30 \$/1000 gallons (US		
A weighted scale for the components of consumption and water loss is included in the calculation of the Water Audit Data Validity Score PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components: 1: Billed metered 2: Volume from own sources	Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses):	+ ? 8	\$14.30 \$/1000 gallons (US		
PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components: 1: Billed metered 2: Volume from own sources	Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses):	+ ? 8	\$14.30 \$/1000 gallons (US		-
Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components: 1: Billed metered 2: Volume from own sources	Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses): WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE:	+ ? 8 + ? 9	\$14.30 \$/1000 gallons (US 1,968.41 \$/Million gallo Use C		-
1: Billed metered 2: Volume from own sources	Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses): WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: ***	+ ? 8 + ? 9 \$	\$14.30 \$/1000 gallons (US 1,968.41 \$/Million gallo	ustomer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses	-
2: Volume from own sources	Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses): WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: A weighted scale for the components of consump	+ ? 8 + ? 9 \$	\$14.30 \$/1000 gallons (US 1,968.41 \$/Million gallo	ustomer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses	-
	Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses): WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: A weighted scale for the components of consump PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION:	YOUR SCORE IS: 81 out	\$14.30 \$/1000 gallons (US 1,968.41 \$/Million gallo	ustomer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses	_
3: Unauthorized consumption	Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses): WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: A weighted scale for the components of consump PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressin	YOUR SCORE IS: 81 out	\$14.30 \$/1000 gallons (US 1,968.41 \$/Million gallo	ustomer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses	-
	Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses): WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: A weighted scale for the components of consump PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressin 1: Billed metered	YOUR SCORE IS: 81 out	\$14.30 \$/1000 gallons (US 1,968.41 \$/Million gallo	ustomer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses	-

	AWWA Free Water Audit Software: WAS v5.0 American Water Works Association.							
	System Attributes and Performance Indicators Copyright © 2014, All Rights Res							
Water Audit Report for: City of Pikeville (TN0000551)								
	Reporting Year: 2017 7/2016 - 6/2017							
	*** YOUR WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE IS: 81 out of 100 ***							
System Attributes:	Apparent Losses: 20.188 MG/Yr							
	Apparent Losses: 20.188 MG/Yr + Real Losses: 76.268 MG/Yr							
	= Water Losses: 96.456 MG/Yr							
	2 Unavoidable Annual Real Losses (UARL): 25.64 MG/Yr							
Annual cost of Apparent Losses: \$288,689								
Annual cost of Real Losses: \$150,126 Valued at Variable Production Cost								
5.5	Return to Reporting Worksheet to change this assumpiton							
Performance Indicators:								
Financial:	Non-revenue water as percent by volume of Water Supplied: 34.4%							
	Non-revenue water as percent by cost of operating system: 16.6% Real Losses valued at Variable Production Cost							
_	Apparent Laceac per convice connection per days							
Operational Efficiency:	Apparent Losses per service connection per day: 31.71 gallons/connection/day							
	Real Losses per service connection per day: N/A gallons/connection/day							
	Real Losses per length of main per day*: 2,774.93 gallons/mile/day							
L	Real Losses per service connection per day per psi pressure: N/A gallons/connection/day/psi							
	From Above, Real Losses = Current Annual Real Losses (CARL): 76.27 million gallons/year							
	Infrastructure Leakage Index (ILI) [CARL/UARL]: 2.97							
* This performance indicator applies for systems with a low service connection density of less than 32 service connections/mile of pipeline								

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through/Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Contract <u>Number</u>	Beginning (Accrued) Deferred Grant Revenue	Cash <u>Receipts</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	Ending (Accrued) Deferred Grant Revenue
FEDERAL AWARDS						
CDBG Sewer Plant	14.228	41112	\$ -	\$ 26,298	\$ 26,298	\$ -
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture				26,298	26,298	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				26,298	26,298	
STATE AWARDS						
Tennessee Department of Agriculture Fire Assistance Grant	N/A	60768	-	2,953	2,953	-
Tennessee Department of Safety and Homeland Security Grant	N/A	154AL-17-190	-	5,000	5,000	-
USDA Rural Business Development Grant	N/A	N/A	-	45,800	45,800	-
Property Conservation Grant	N/A	N/A	-	2,500	2,500	-
Safety Partners Grant	N/A	N/A	-	1,500	1,500	-
Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation	N/A	98669		187,949	187,949	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS				245,702	245,702	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			<u>\$</u>	\$ 272,000	\$ 272,000	\$ -

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE ASSISTANCE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards include the federal and state grant activity of the City of Pikeville, Tennessee and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and Aldermen City of Pikeville, Tennessee Pikeville, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pikeville, Tennessee as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 10, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Pikeville, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Pikeville, Tennessee's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Henderson Hutcherson is McCullongh, PLLC

Chattanooga, Tennessee October 10, 2017

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2017

None noted